



Something in the Air: Improving Air Quality through Community Partnerships



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Liveable Low-carbon Cities

Synergetic urban landscape planning with Water & Energy



City of Charlotte NC - U.S.A. , 19th of September 2017

Paris Climate Agreement

**Global average temperature to well below 2 ° C above pre-industrial levels and to pursue efforts to limit the temperature increase to 1.5 ° C
This means a 80-90% CO2 reduction target**

Increasing the ability to **adapt to the adverse impacts of climate change**

Making finance flows consistent with a pathway towards low greenhouse gas emissions and climate-resilient development.

The Paris deal is the world's first comprehensive climate agreement.

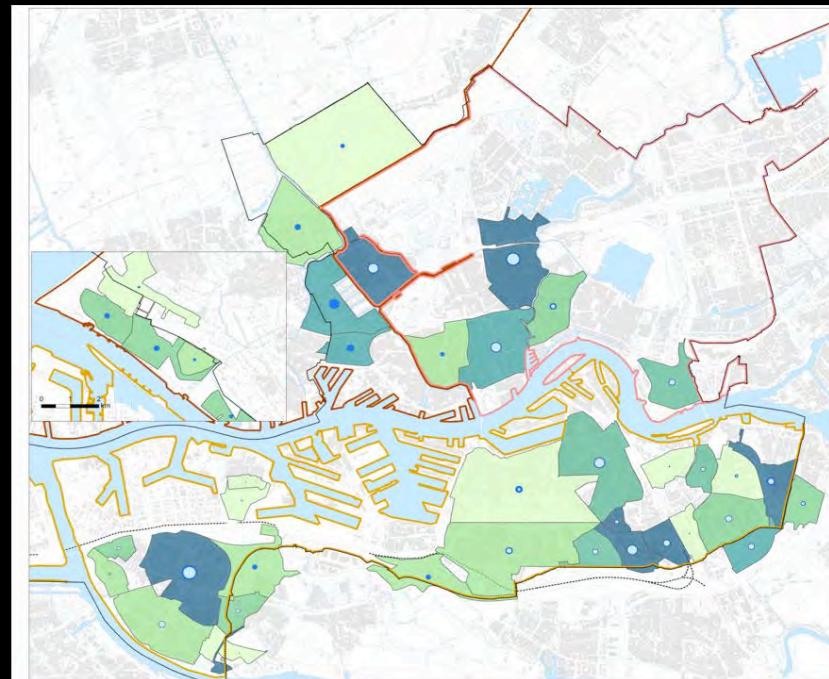
Singelplan waterplan 1850 as an example?



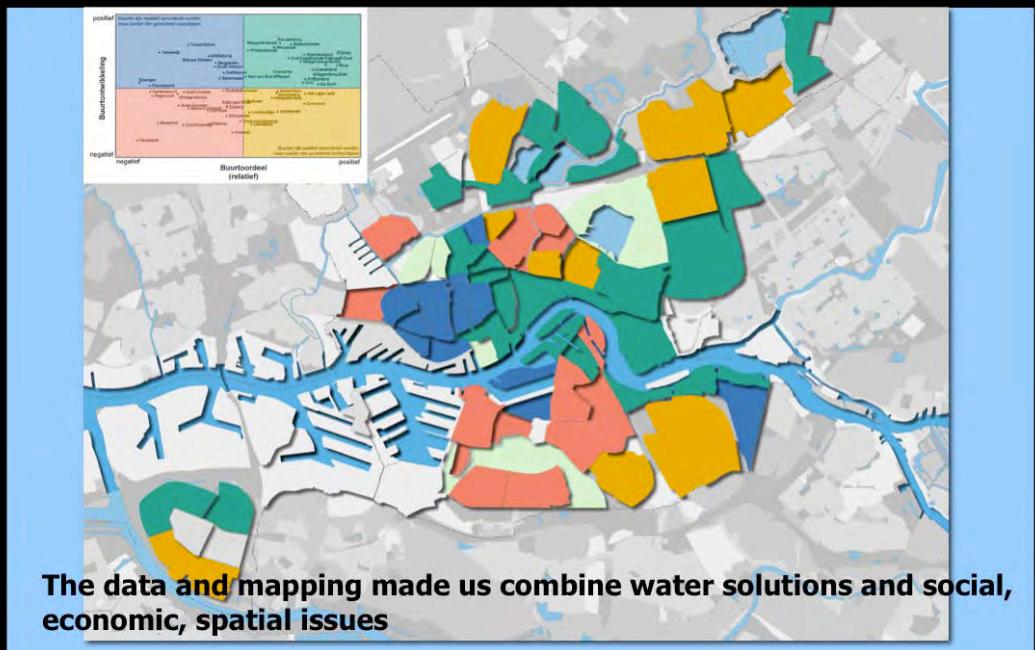
21e century version of the Singelplan Rose from 1850's?

21th century version of 1850 Singelplan

1. Water: Precipitation, storage capacity per district

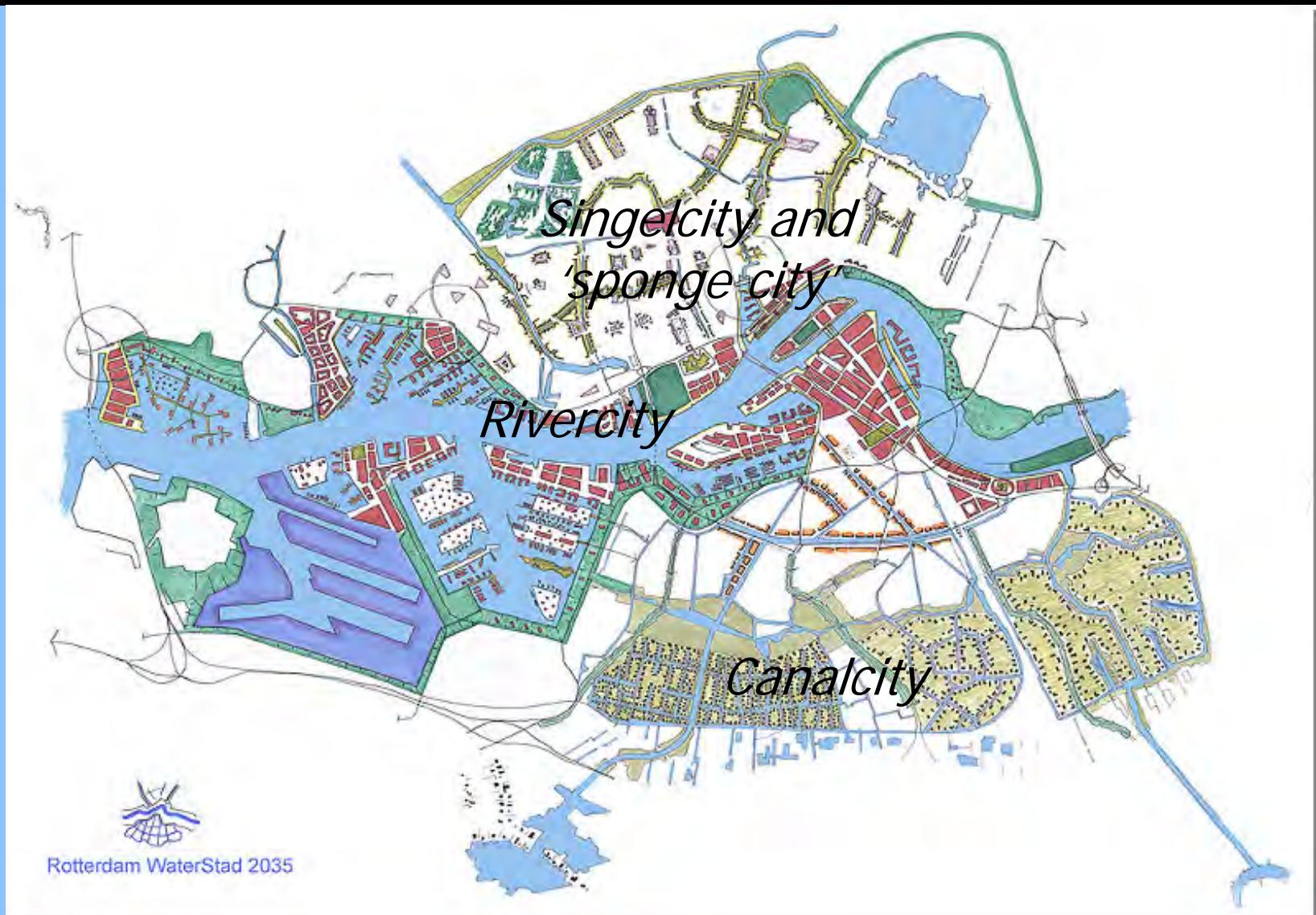


Quality of life data per district



Vision Rotterdam Watercity 2035

watersolutions, good public space plus water transport



Watersolutions good housing + public space + watertransport

Watersquare finished in nov 2012



Watersquare finished in nov 2012



Watersquare finished in nov 2012

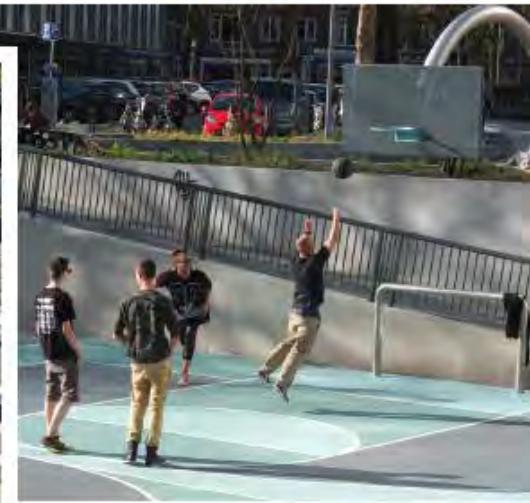


Trappen te gebruiken als tribune voor bijv. lessen Zadkine

Water Square now



Daily Use



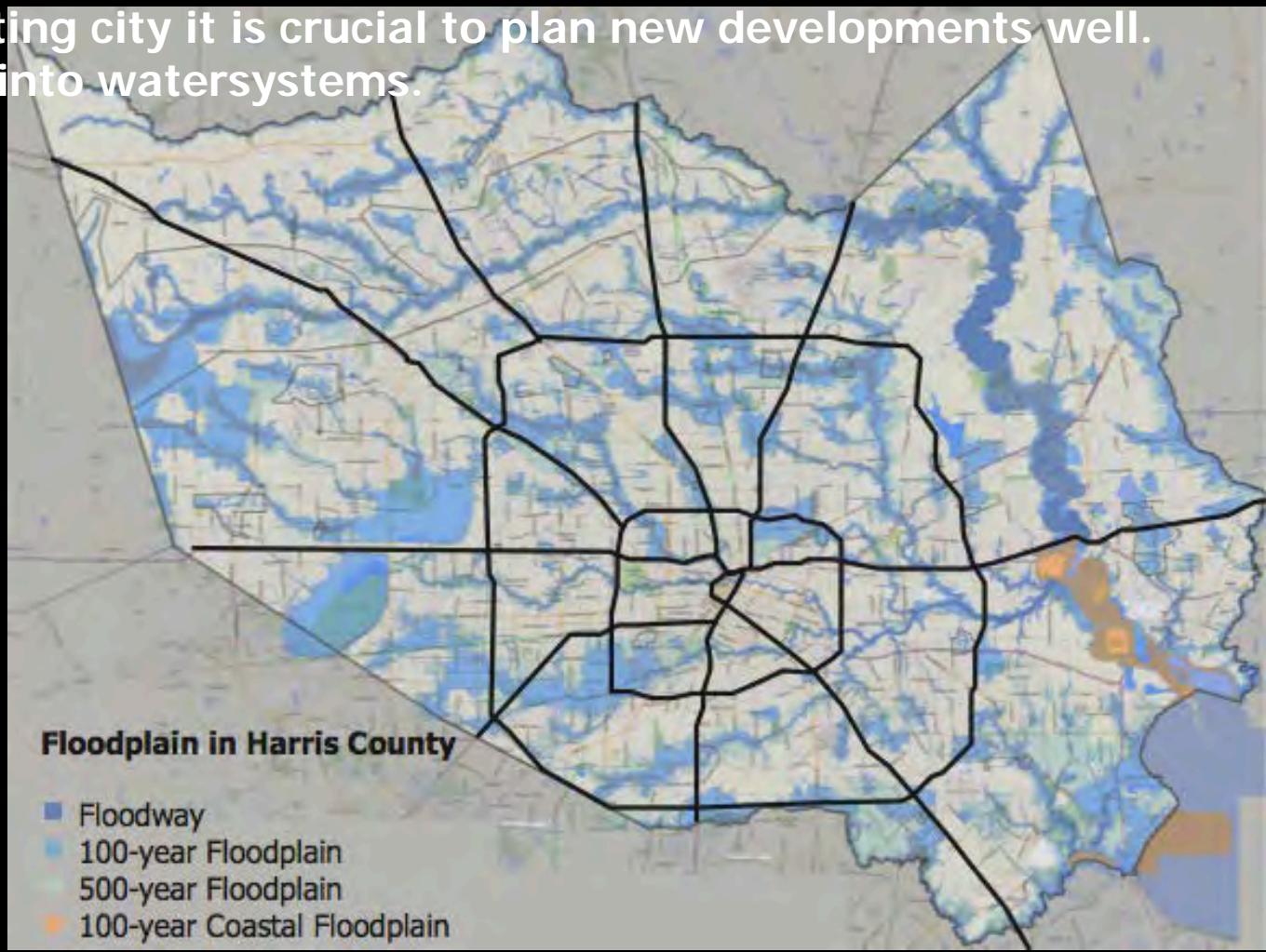
Afbeeldingen:
De Urbanisten

Programmatic Approach on District Level

Building a green framework and programmatic clusters for and with the neighbourhood



Apart from the existing city it is crucial to plan new developments well.
Cities tend to grow into watersystems.



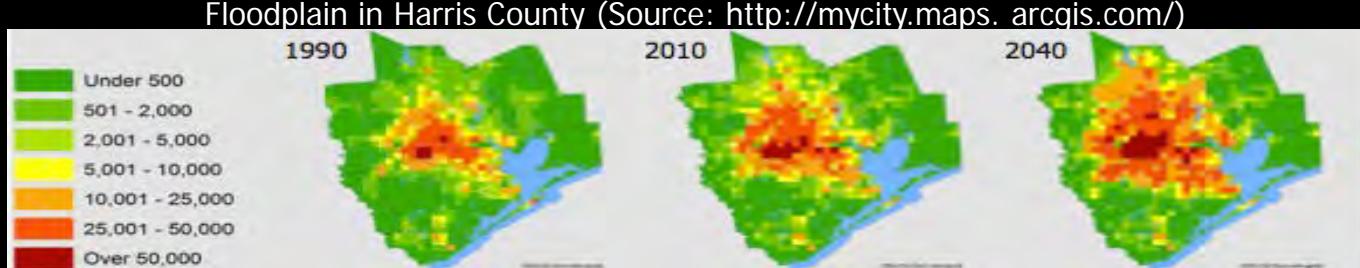
Student:

Song-Ya Huang

Delft University of
Technology

with Han Meyer
and Nico Tillie

i.c.w. Prof T.
Colbert University
of Houston



Relate climate change to urban growth



Istanbul – growth threatens watershed areas, what to do?

Since 2005-2007 Energy and Climate Initiatives Worldwide

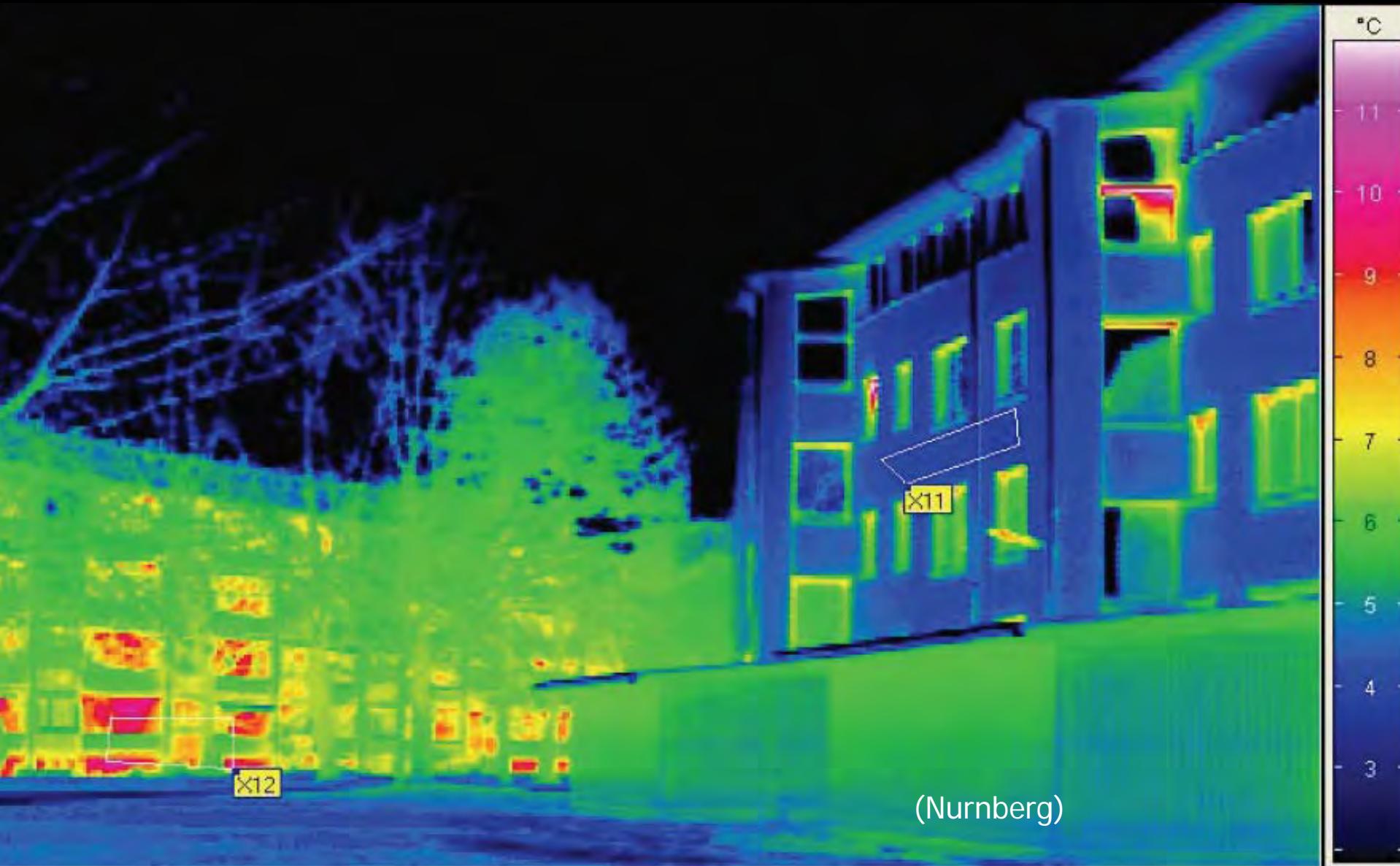
CO₂ reduction and renewable energy supply

From list of solutions to a spatial inclusive strategy for Energy transition and improving Quality of life

Residential & services	Transport	Behaviour	Innovation	Industry & food
<ul style="list-style-type: none">•deals with corporations•Public lighting•Compulsory use of district heating•Fiscal incentives•Local laws	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•public transport, cycling•Renewable energy•Parkingfees• vehicles and ships	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•All public vehicles co₂ free•All public buildings co₂ free•Campagne•Incentives	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•innovationfund•Knowledge cluster of new techniques•Research connections with universities to implement	<ul style="list-style-type: none">•Carbon captivity storage•Deals with companies to filter•Biofuel•CO₂ to greenhouses•Quai electricity

.... to a vision ...from there, a tailormade plan for our specific situations, neighborhoods!

.....to the scale of the building and lower



Challenge is how to go from..

....the level of one single building to CO₂ neutral or renewable energy neighbourhoods, areas, cities and metropolitan-regions

Residential

Services

Transport

Industry

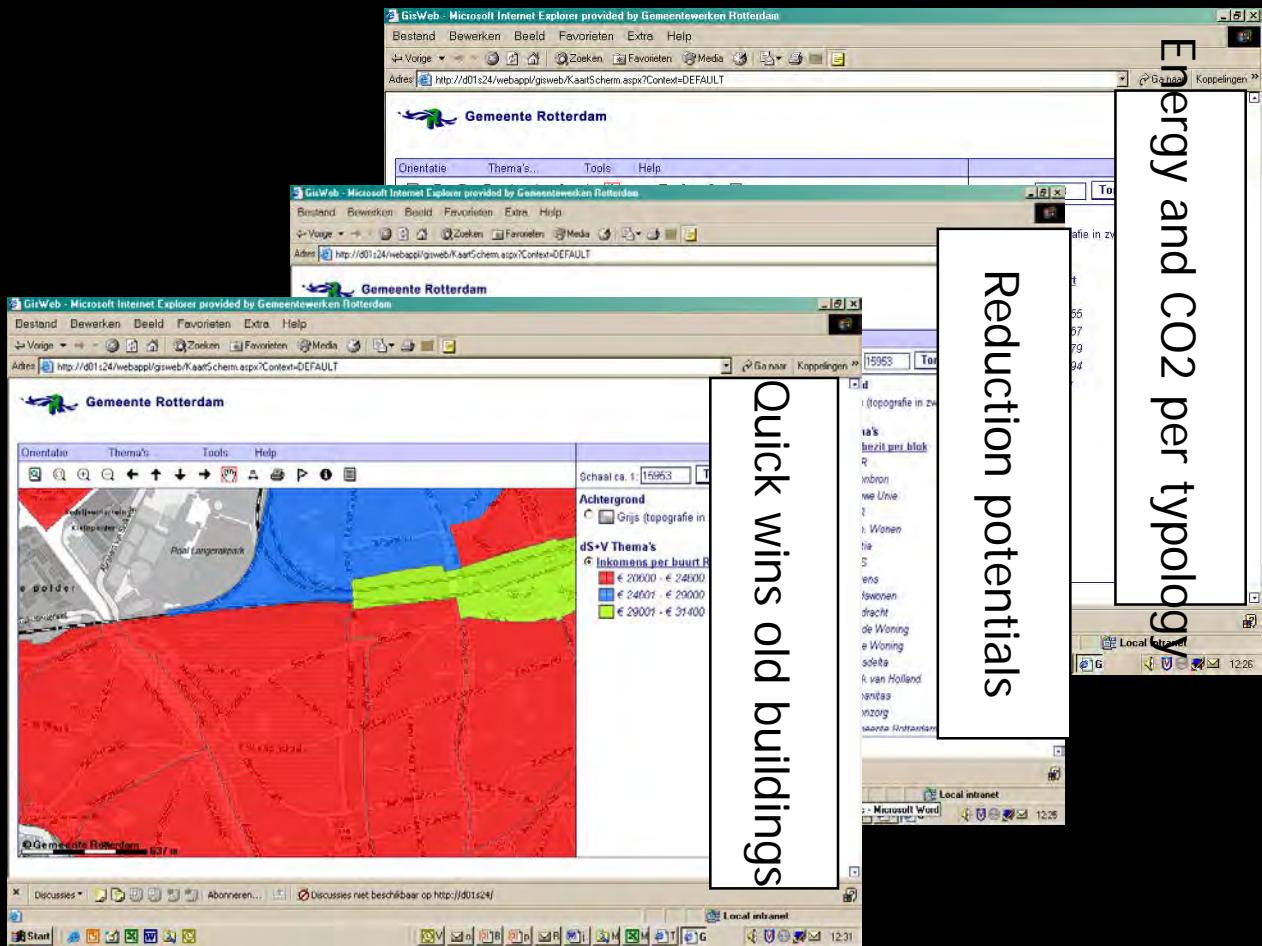
Energy industry



Website Ken Yeang

Rough overview of steps for cities

1. reduction of demand, less consumption



Cooling buildings takes 7-10 times more energy than heating them

Supplying the Cooling demand

Deep Lake Water Cooling

Enwave Energy Corporation

benefits:

reduces energy consumption up to 90%
reduces carbon dioxide emissions

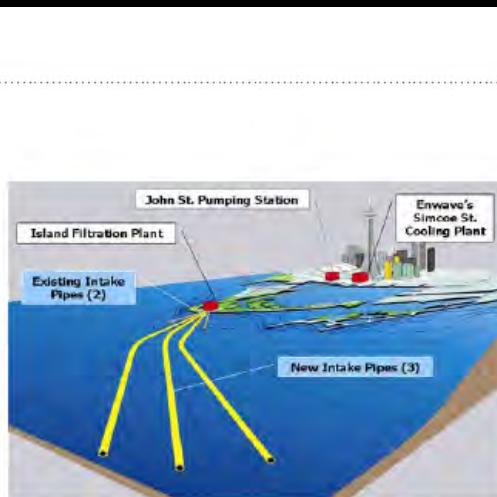
The pipes take water (4°C) from Lake Ontario at a depth of 83 meters. In the pumping station heat exchangers transfer energy between the cold lake water and the closed chilled water supply loop.

The water then is distributed into the city water supply. Enwave uses only the coldness from the lake water, not the water, as alternative to conventional air-conditioning.

Metro Hall's energy savings

Item	Value
Power consumption	3,000,000 kilowatt-hours per year less
Power saved is sufficient to supply	300 homes
Reduction in Water Consumption from Cooling Towers	4,400 cubic metres per year less
Greenhouse Gas Reduction: Carbon Dioxide	732 tonnes per year
Number of Cars with equivalent emissions	160

www.toronto.ca/environment/initiatives/cooling.htm



"Koudecirkel", the cold circle

Universiteit Twente

The cold circle is a manmade basin which stores cold during the night for use during the day for the offices and university buildings. The prototype has been implemented by Universiteit Twente.

The basin is 10 meters deep by 36 meters in diameter; it has a cool capacity of 11MW. The water is cooled by night, either naturally or with machines that make use of electricity of the lowest fare.

The application at a harbour of a 10 meter deep circle could have the capacity of 2500 MW. It also can be used as a sprinkler installation.

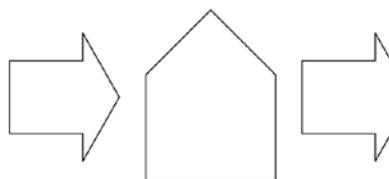
www.utwente.nl/nieuws/pers/cont_08-025.doc/



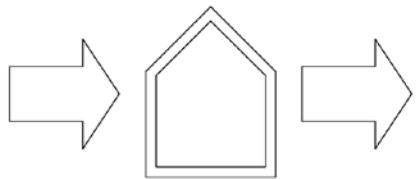
Co₂ neutrale Maas en Rijnhaven: with Florian Boer, City of Rotterdam and Andy van den Doppelstein TUD

2. Exchange waste flows, energy in planning

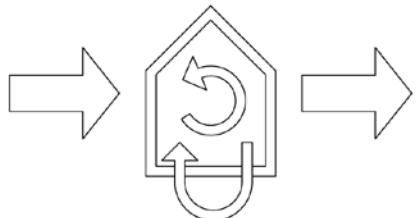
...and upscaling



00 standard building

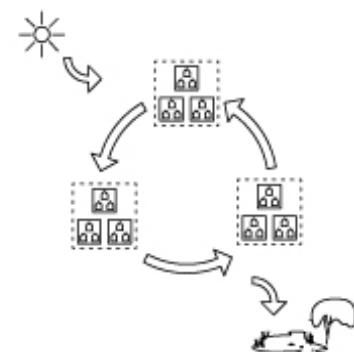
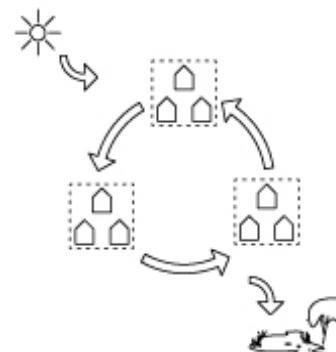


01 reduce consumption
– passive, smart and bioclimatic design

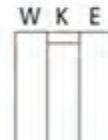
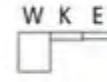
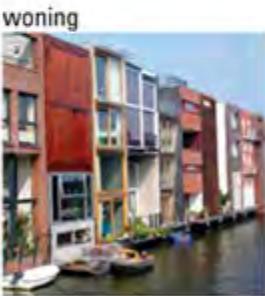
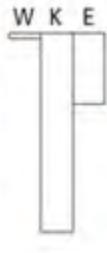
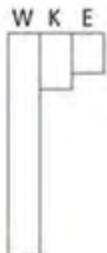


02 reuse waste energy streams
– waste heat, waste water, waste material
– in closed or connected cycles

By: new stepped strategy by A. Van den Doppelsteen

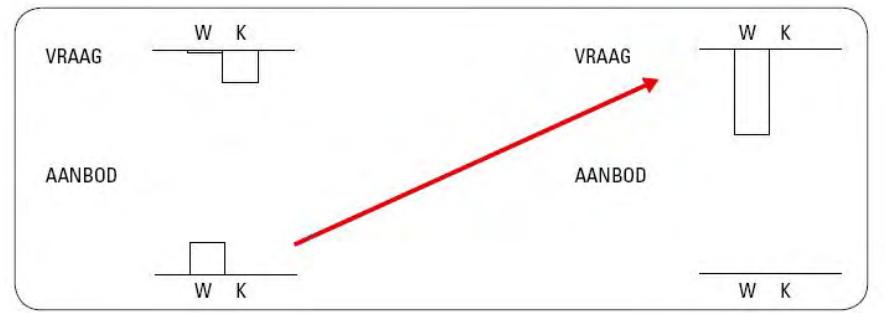
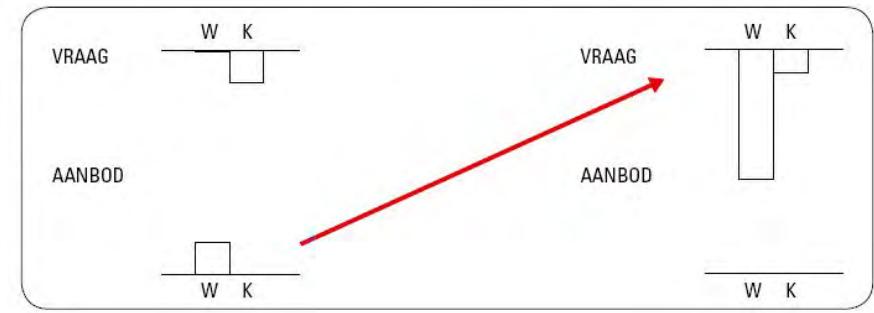


Different energy needs and left-over per program. Look for ultimate combinations

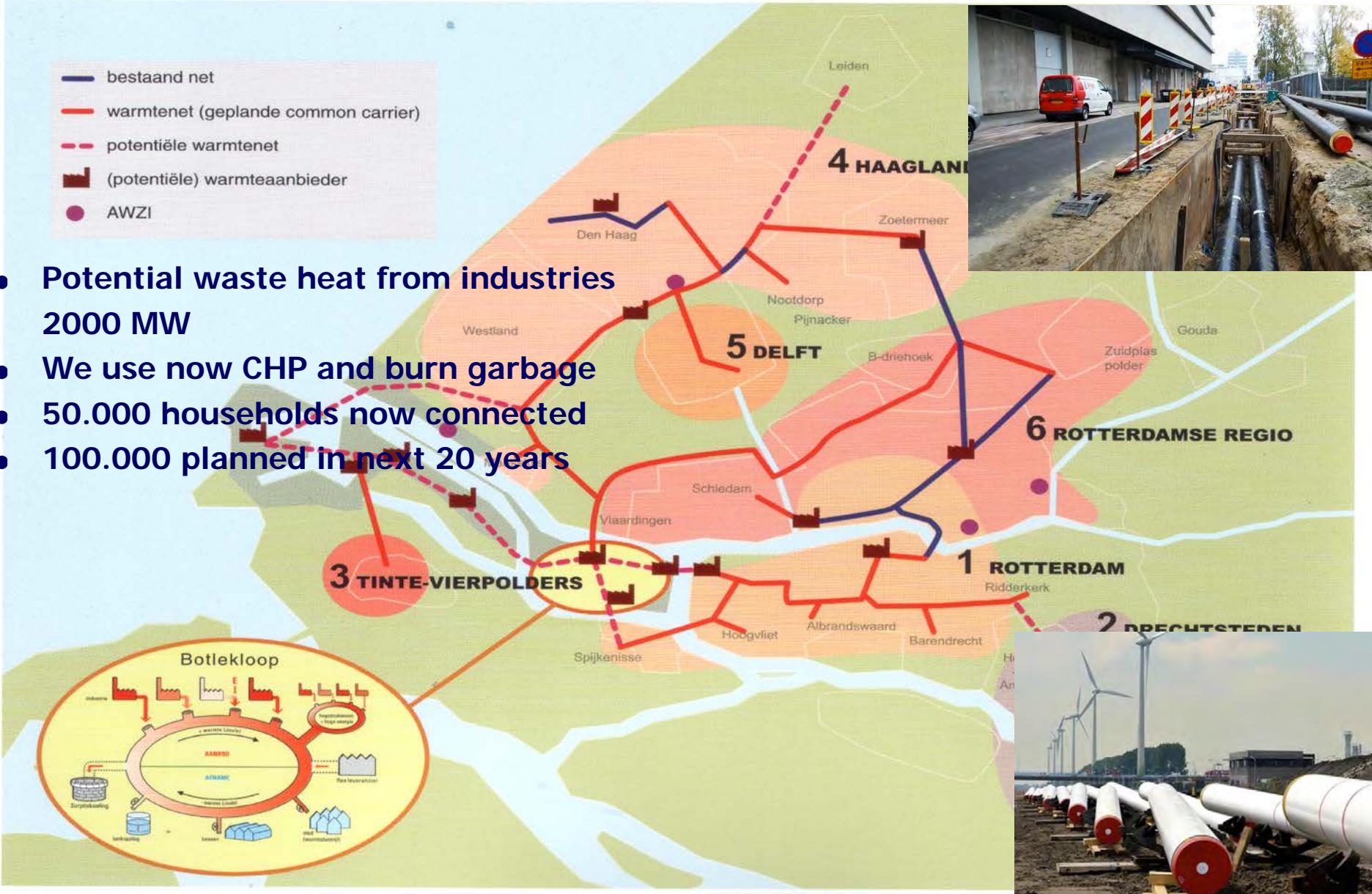


Heat cold and electricity for different programmes (changes per season)

Attuning demand and waste flows



District heating, CO2 pipelines for greenhouses, heat company founded



You can use every m² only once (or not?)

ENERGIE PER VIERKANTE METER LAND- OF WATEROPPERVLAK	
Windmolens	2 W/m ²
Offshore-windmolens	3 W/m ²
Getijdenpoelen	3 W/m ²
Getijdenstroom	6 W/m ²
Zonnepanelen	5-20 W/m ²
Gewassen	0,5 W/m ²
Regenwater (hooglanden)	0,24 W/m ²
Hydro-elektrische centrales	11 W/m ²
Geothermisch	0,017 W/m ²
Zonneschoorsteen	0,1 W/m ²
Thermisch (oceaan)	5 W/m ²
Concentratie van zonne-energie (woestijn)	15 W/m ²

Tabel 4. Faciliteiten voor hernieuwbare energie moeten van nationale omlaag zijn omvat hernieuwbare energiesystemen zo diffus zijn. In deze tabel wordt de hoeveelheid energie per vierkante meter land of zee vermeld voor verschillende vormen van hernieuwbare energie.

uit David Mackay, energy without hotair

3. Energy potentialmaps per district

Energiepotenties

DGC; 700ha

Zon
9640 MWh_{pr}/ha 6750 GWh_{pr}

Wind, 100m
228 MWh_{pr}/ha 160 GWh_{pr}

Wind, 30m
56 MWh_{pr}/ha 5 MWh_{pr}/turbby

Afval, huishoudens
1,7 MWh_(e+o)/ha 1,2 GWh_(e+o)

Restwarmte
Kappa
2x 125 GWh_{pr}

Biomassa
Natuuronderhoud
4,7 MWh_{pr}/ha
Bosonderhoud
18,9 MWh_{pr}/ha
Onderhoud DGC
2,4 GWh_{pr}
Elfarm
1,1 GWh_{pr}
Onderhoud omgeving
20 GWh_{pr}

Bodem tot -50m
verticale WW
Zeer geschikt
Geschikt

Aquifers
w/k opslag
Aquifergeschiktheid
Zeer geschikt
Niet geschikt
Onbekend
Restrictiegebeiden

Geothermie, -3000m
105 °C
Geothermie
Gasboorpunkt



Toegepast

PV, daken
12 GWh_{pr}
Zonne-collectoren, daken
25 GWh_{pr}

Wind, grote turbines
160 GWh_{pr}

Wind, turbys
39 GWh_{pr}

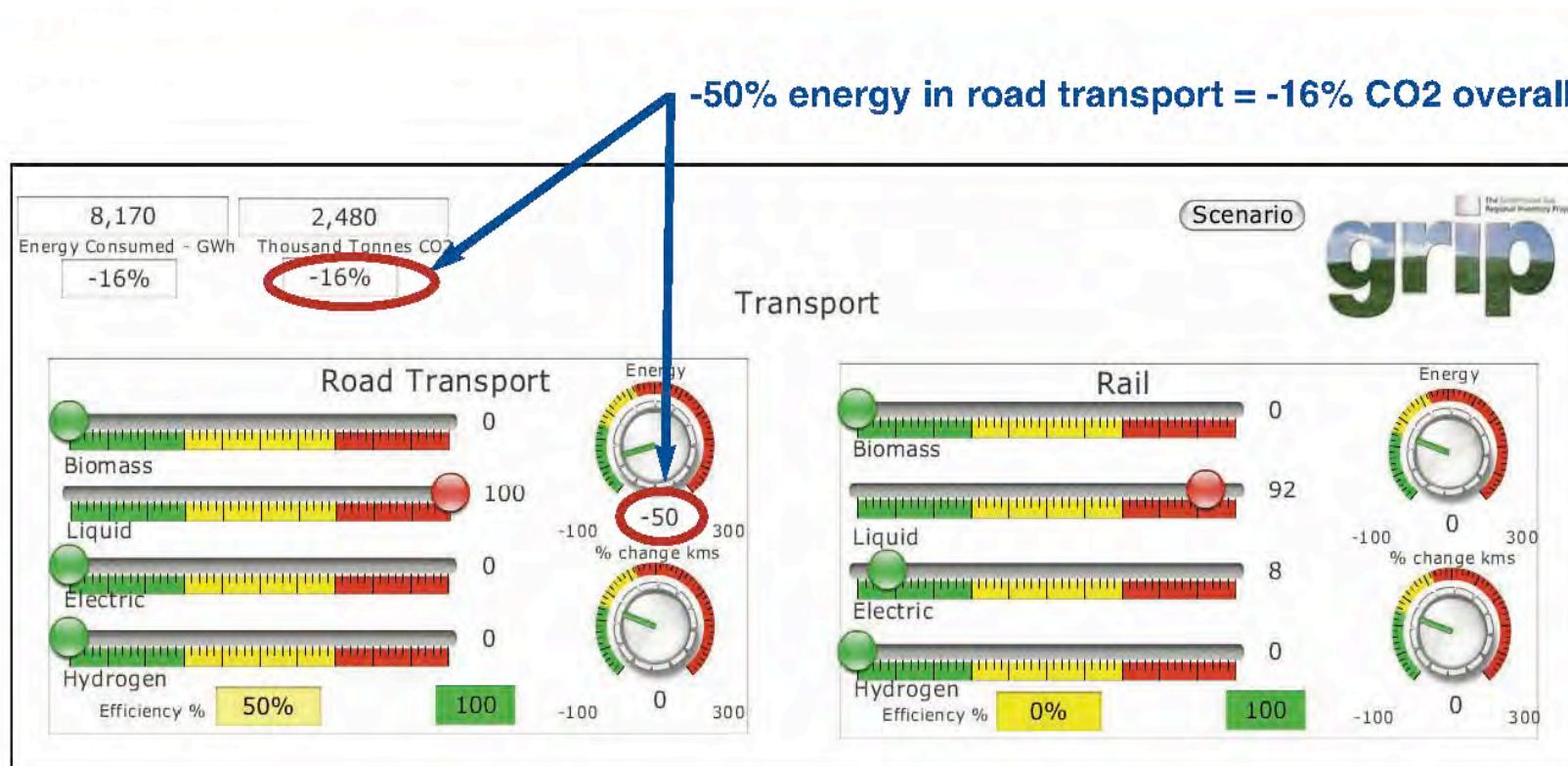
Afval, verbranding
1,2 GWh_(e+o)

Restwarmte
Kappa
250 GWh_{pr}

Biomassa
Onderhoud DGC
2,4 GWh_{pr}
Elfarm
1,1 GWh_{pr}
Onderhoud omgeving
20 GWh_{pr}

Energievraag 3000 hh:
10,6 GWh_{pr}
26,5 GWh_{th}

4. Energy sustainability scenario's for cities

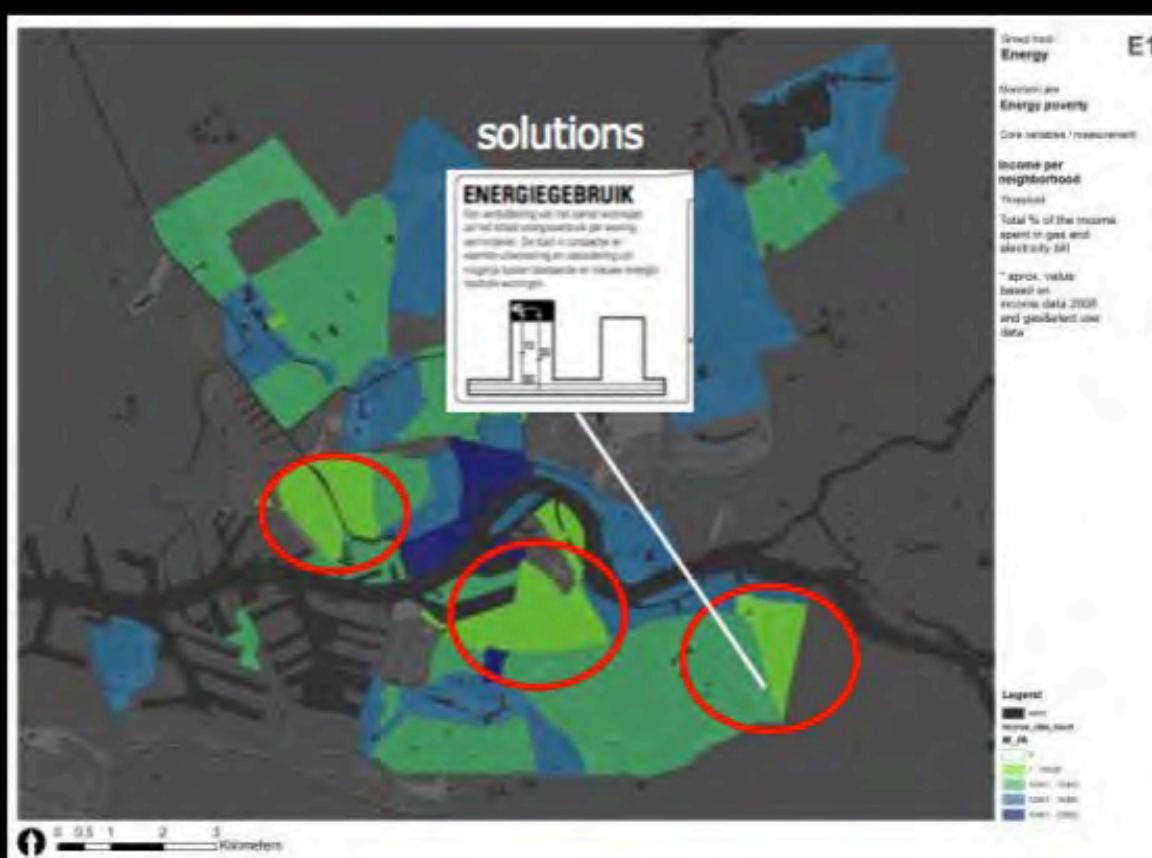
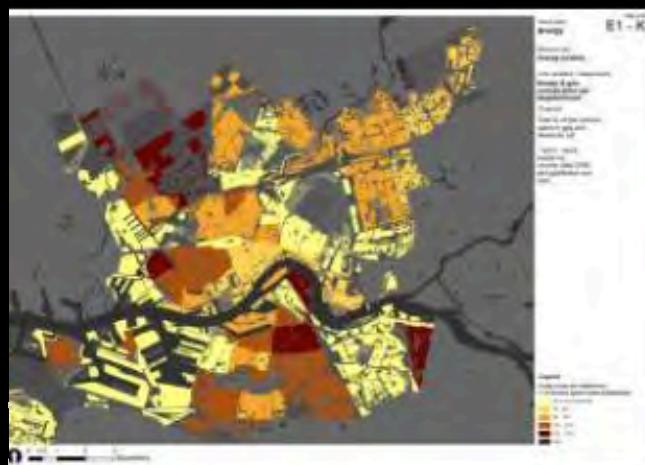
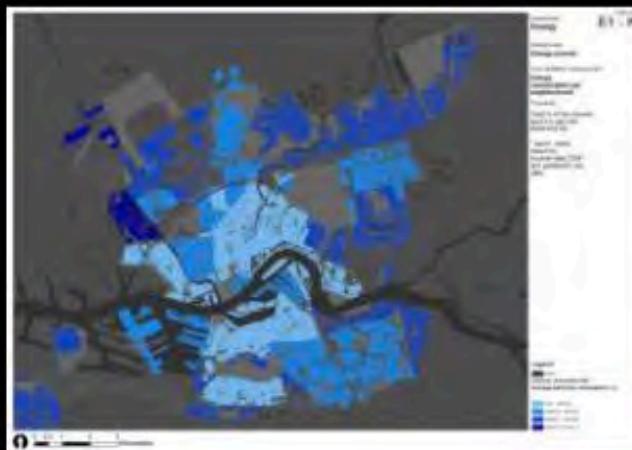


The scenario tool visualizes the effects of mitigation measures. Example: energy saving in road transport

**How can we link low carbon
planning to a more liveable,
equitable city**

High energy use, low income, energy too expensive

Possible solutions: smart meters, insulation, own production, lower rent, green loans



CO₂-SLIMME STEDENBOUW IN STADSHAVENS, ROTTERDAM

OPGAVE Ontwerpend onderzoek naar de mogelijkheden voor CO₂-neutrale stedenbouw in Stadshavens. Het sluiten van energie kringlopen op gebiedschaal is onderzocht en leidt tot een herwaardering en herpositionering van verschillende programma's. Volgens de Trias Energetica: reduceren, uitwisselen en opwekken, zijn concrete maatregelen opgetekend en berekend op hun CO₂-reducerend effect.

STATUS Studie 2008-2009.

CLIENT Rotterdam Climate Initiative en Projectbureau Stadshavens

ONTWERP DE URBANISTEN
i.s.m. Ingenieursbureau Rotterdam en APPM





Proef met elektrische auto als batterij voor zonne-energie

In Utrecht kunnen accu's van elektrische auto's worden gebruikt als kleine energiecentrale voor de opslag van zelf opgewekte zonne-energie. In de wijk Lombok start vandaag officieel een internationaal proefproject met nog voor het eind van dit jaar 20 lokale laadpalen. Utrecht is al akkoord met een uitbreiding tot 100 palen in de rest van de stad.

Door: Thijs van Soest 9 juni 2015, 11:43

Providing high quality flowscapes for low carbon mobility throughout the city

- Walkability
- childfriendly
- Energy advantages
- Cycling
- Public transport
- More program, economic input
- Lively streets
- Cleaner air and water
- Less heat island effect

TU Delft en UofT students work on these topics now



Green network with more walking and biking

- **Biking high ways**
- **Electric biking helps elderly**
- **Central Station 5500 bike storage**
- **Biking programs for migrants**
- **Bike parking spaces**
- **From 12 to 22% model split**



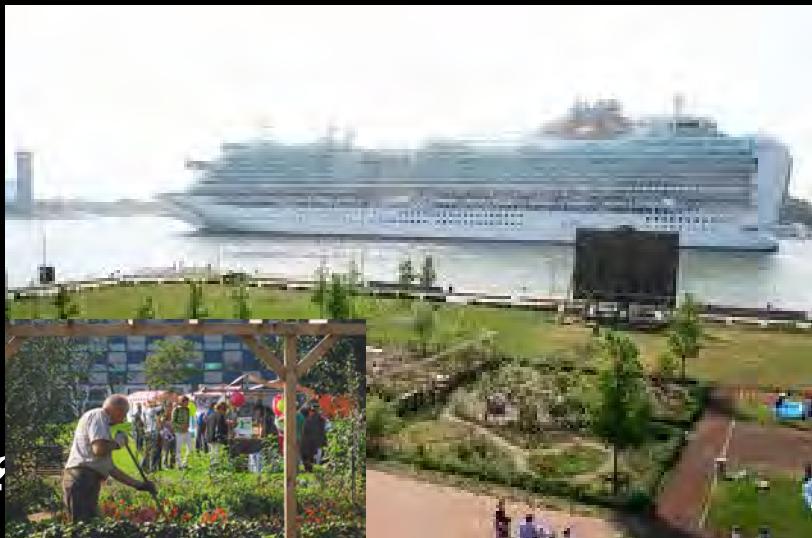


public transport 300 m from every home...and use grass!

Parking lot becomes green public space



Urban farming: what does the 'garden city' of the 21th look like reusing phosphorus, producing biogas, social cohesion etc.



Childfriendly city 'woonerf revival ?' sidewalks go on for kids, special circulation for cars, public transport and bikes in all suburbs since 1980's

GREEN STRATEGY 05

PLAYGROUNDS

Kinderen zijn de toekomst van de stad

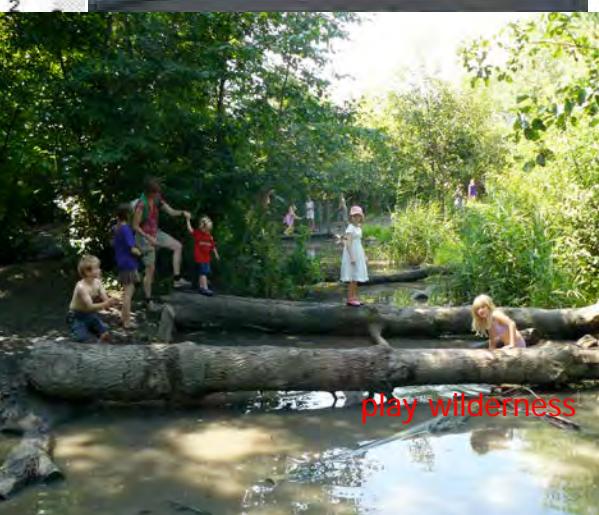
Hoe ben je zelf opgegroeid en wat waren jouw belangrijkste herinneringen? Met vriendjes buiten ravotten op het plein, klimmen in een boom, bloemen en bessen plukken kan ook. Een kindvriendelijke buitenruimte is essentieel voor een wervend en compleet woonmilieu in de buurt. De kindvriendelijkheid heeft meer om het lijf hecht dan een aantal speelplekken te realiseren: het gaat om de ontwikkeling van de openbare ruimte. Brede stoepen, langzaam verkeer routes en drempelruimten (Engels: zones) spelen daarin een belangrijke rol. Brede stoepen bieden een informele ruimte voor spel. Drempelruimten zijn overgangsgebieden tussen het privédomein en de openbare ruimte, waar kinderen beschut kunnen spelen. Daarnaast zijn ook specifieke voorzieningen voor allerlei doelgroepen nodig. Om de adolescenten een goede uitlaatklep te geven, is er bijvoorbeeld het internationaal gewaardeerde skatepark aan de Kleinsten- en allerkleinste is er het speelplein op 't Landje en zijn er de openbare sportvelden op de werfpleinen aan de rand van het centrum. Sport, spel en groen zijn bijzonder belangrijk voor de gezondheid van de kinderen. In de speelplekkenstrategie wil de gemeente oases voor kinderen maken: speelaanleidingen en voldoende zitgelegenheid. In combinatie met de verschillende leefmilieus, ontwerpen en voorzieningen die eigen zijn aan een binnenstad wordt het centrum zo een waar eldorado voor kinderen.

Kinderen zorgen voor levendigheid op straat en voor sociale contacten tussen alles en iedereen. Kinderen zijn de dragers van de nieuwe stedelijkheid. Quote Larry Beasley maart 2009

IN PROGRESS



POTENTIAL MAP 2040 & infographics of +houses/district



play wilderness

**'A city is a way of life'
Thank you for your attention!**

*twitter: nicotillie72
n.m.j.d.tillie@tudelft.nl*

Photo: speeldernis Rotterdam (play wilderness)

Thank you for your attention!

n.m.j.d.tillie@tudelft.nl

@nicotillie72



Delft
University of
Technology

Photo: speeldernis Rotterdam (play wilderness)



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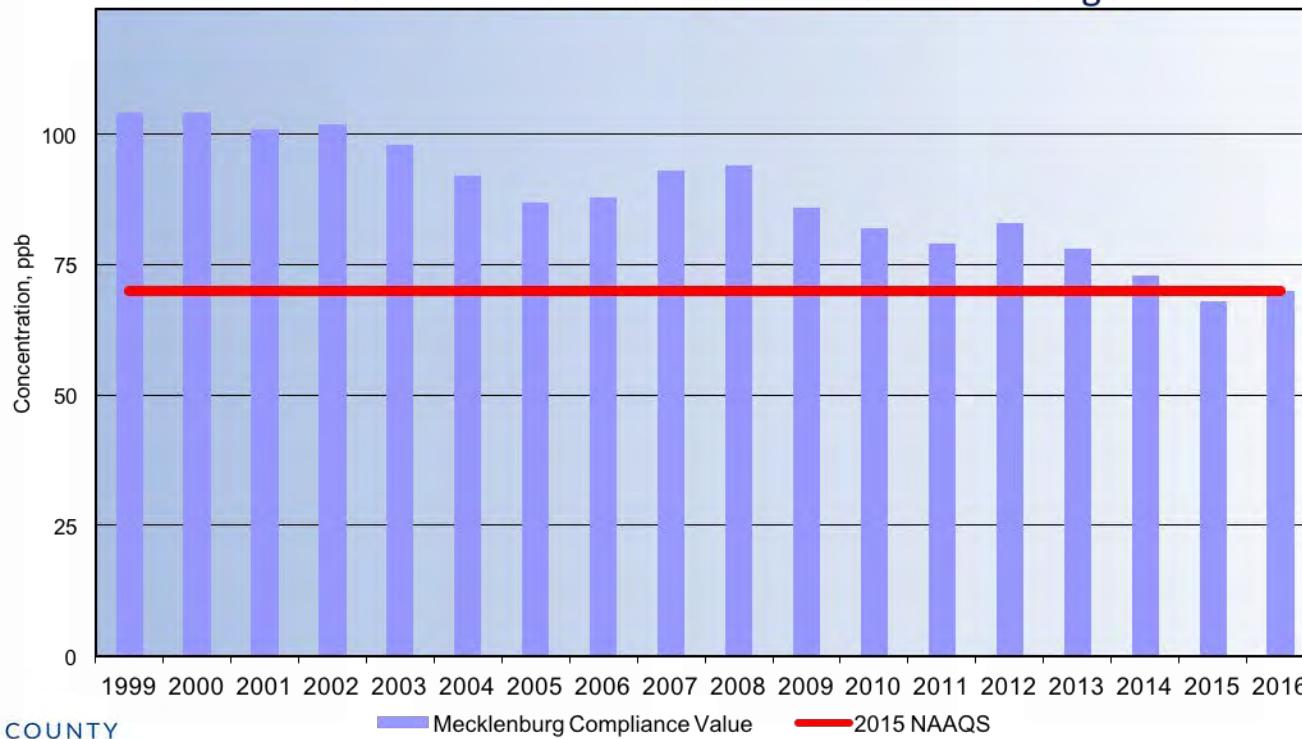
MCAQ: A Local Resource for Improving Air Quality

MISSION

Lead and assist Mecklenburg County towards **meeting and maintaining compliance** with the health-based National Ambient Air Quality Standards.



Ozone Air Quality, 1999-2016
Mecklenburg County 8-hour Design Value Concentration
Based on Annual 4th Maximum 8-hour Average



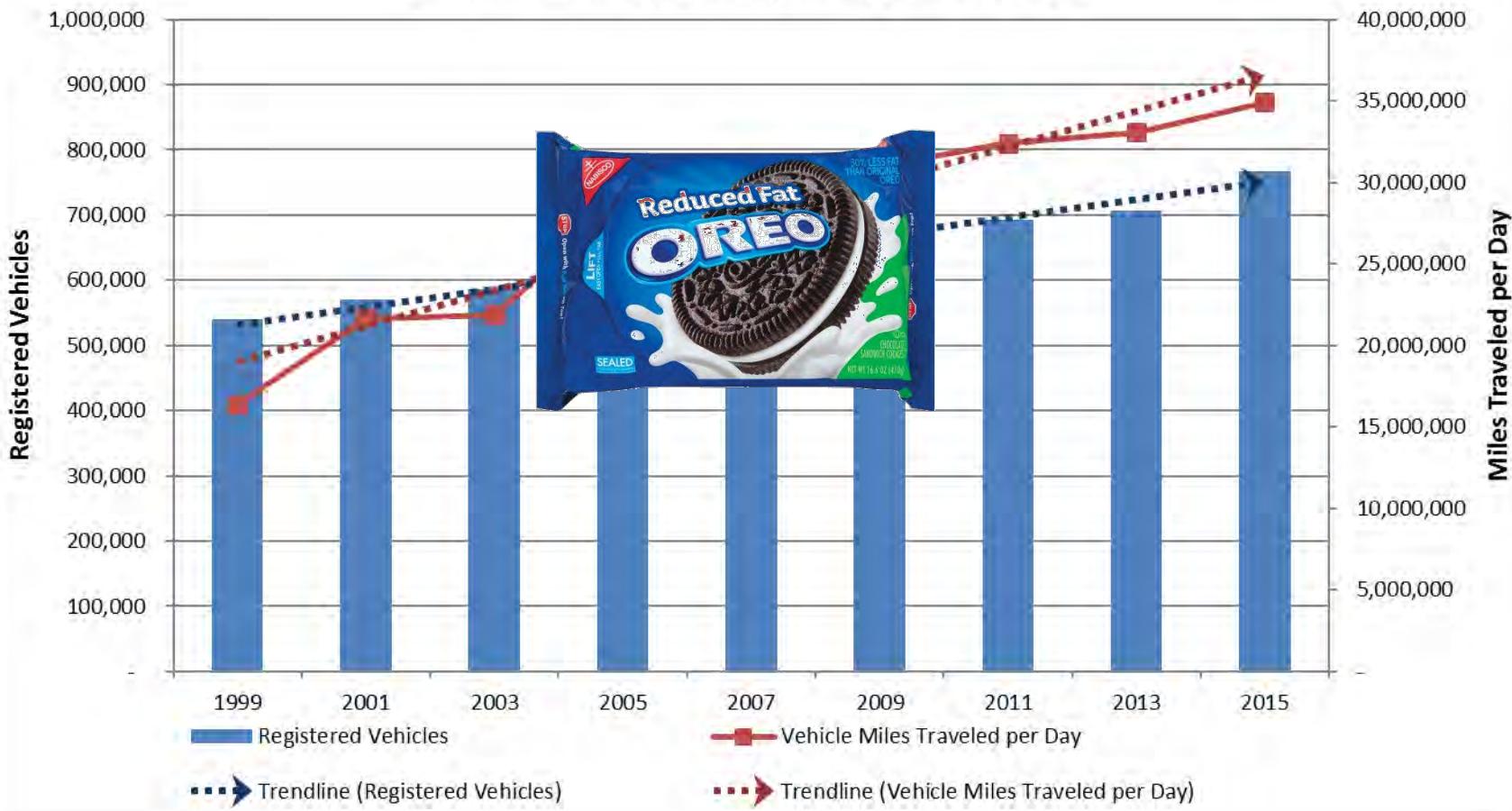
MECKLENBURG COUNTY

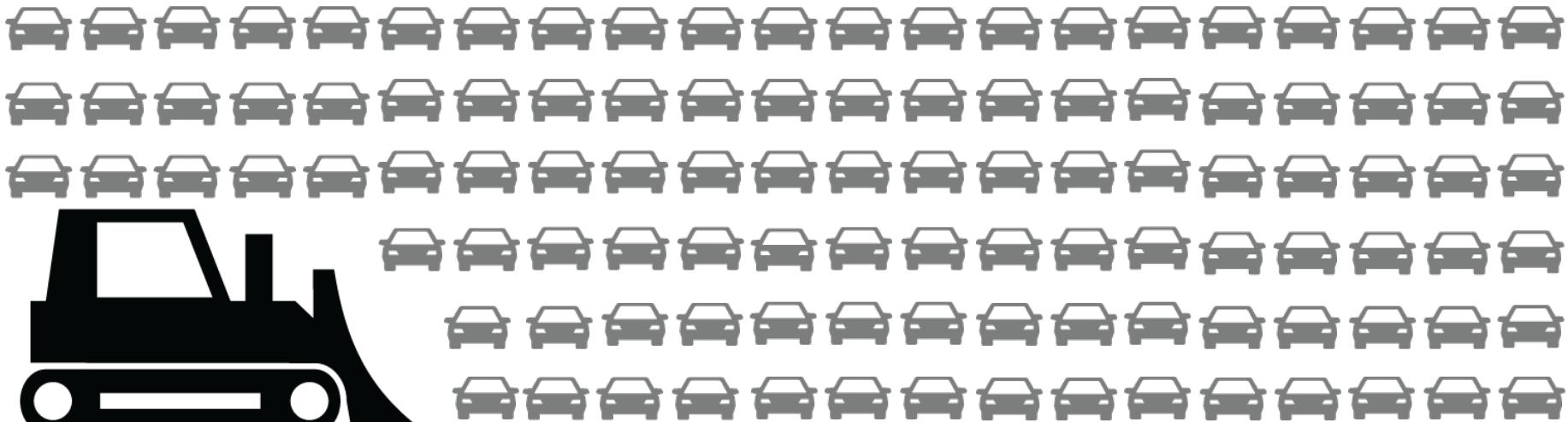
AIR QUALITY

Local Sources of NOx

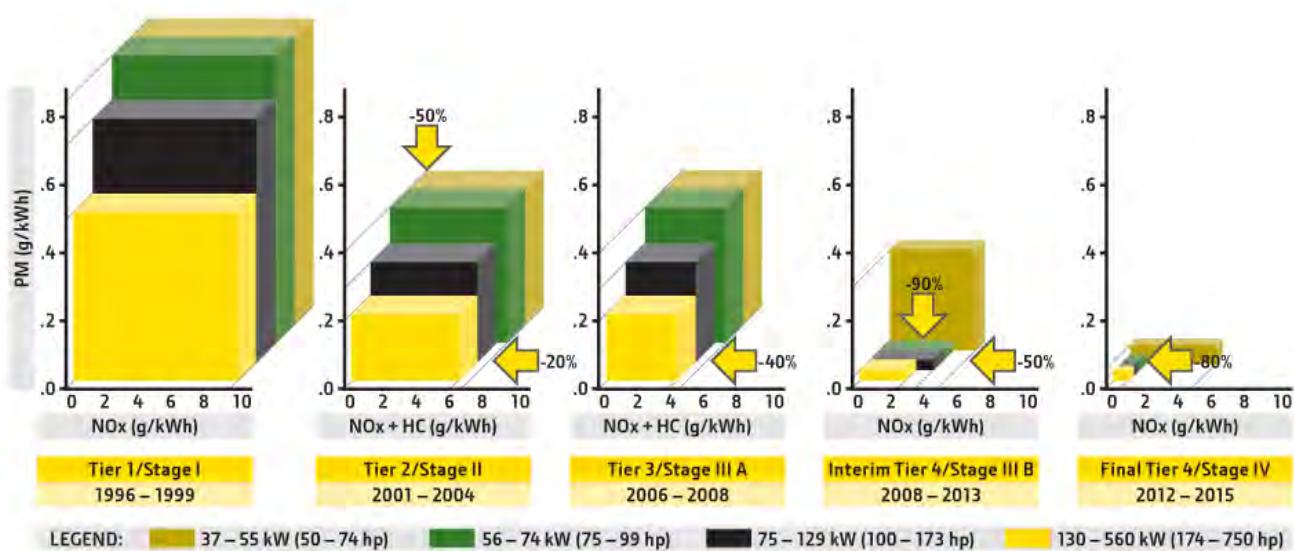


Mobile Source Air Quality Indicators





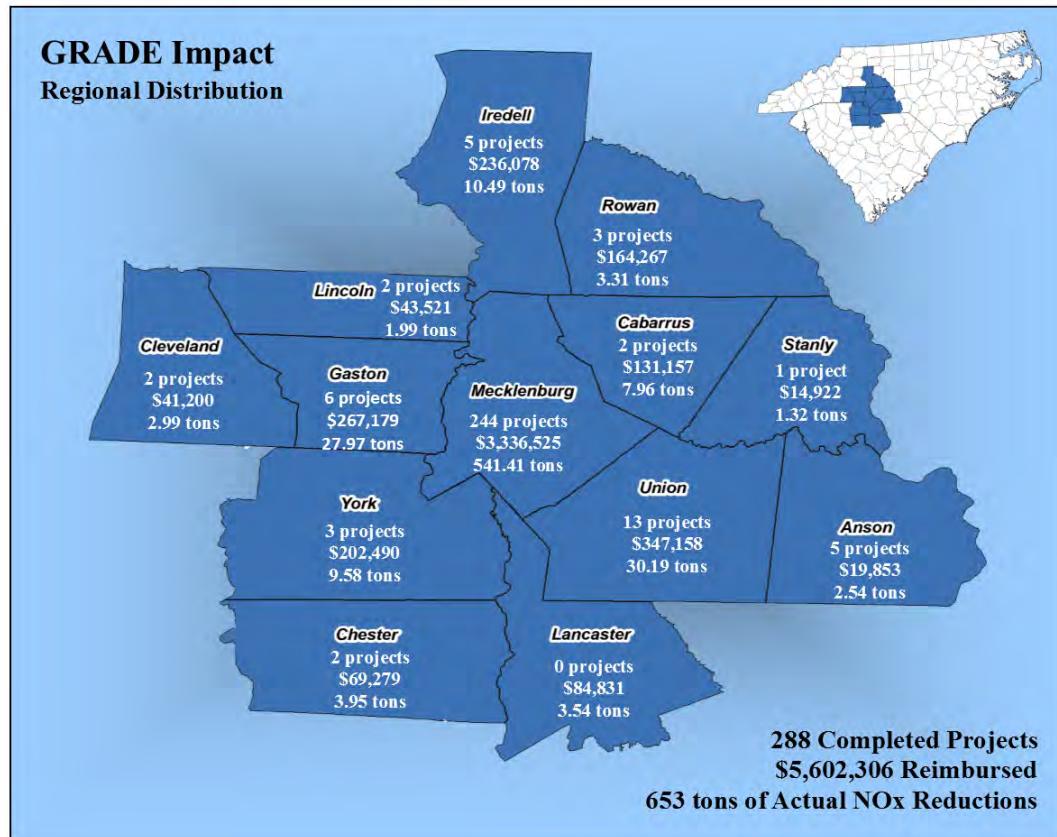
VEHICLE EMISSION STANDARDS



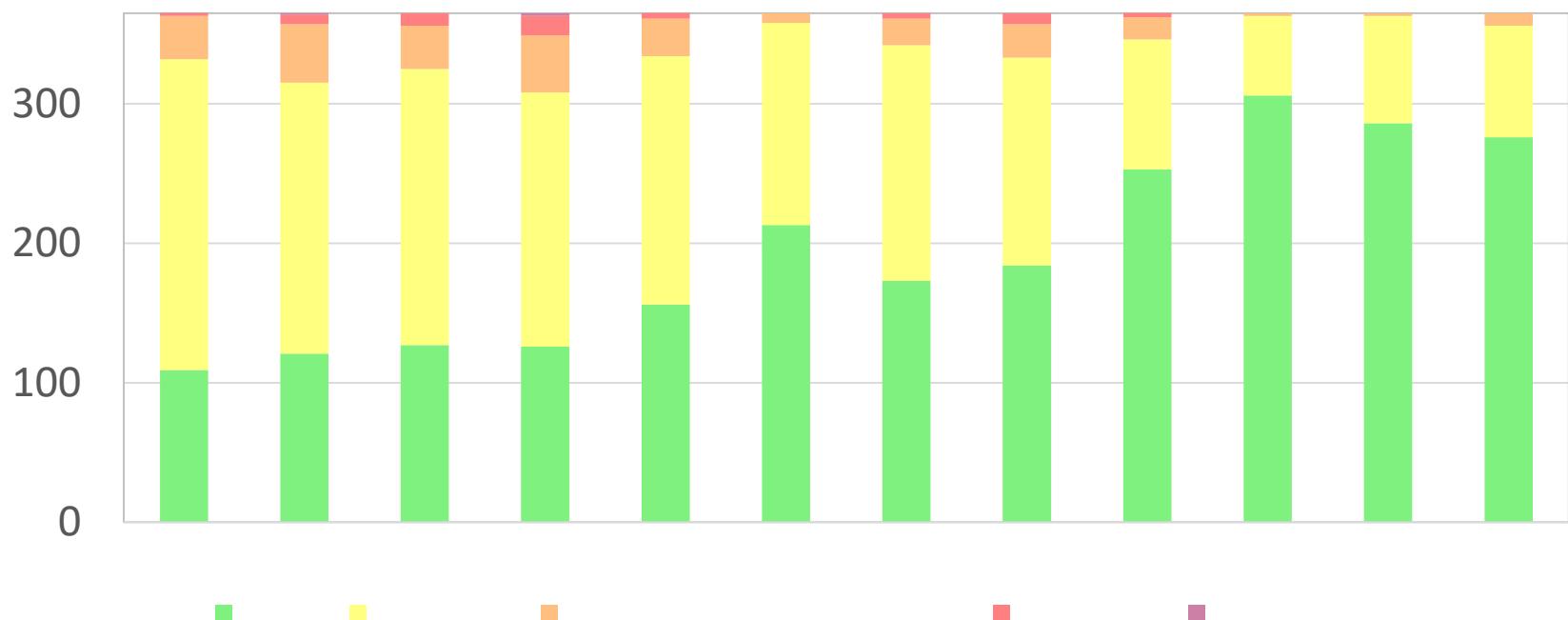
Regional Impact of GRADE

Since 2007, GRADE has funded **288 projects** and awarded over **\$5.5 million** in rebates.

These projects have reduced **653 tons** of ozone-forming NOx in the Charlotte region.



Good Days Have Doubled Since 2004





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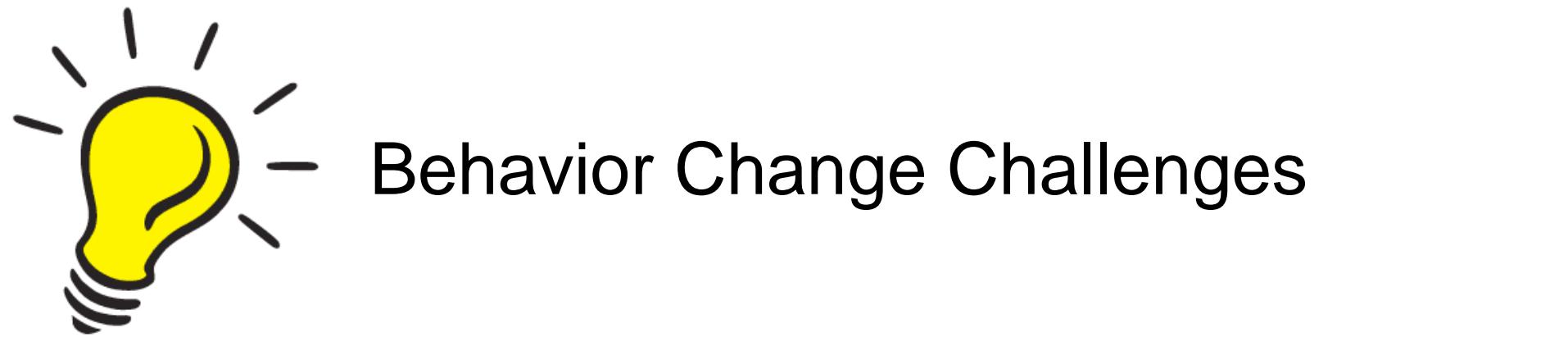
Q&A



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Behavior Change Challenges

- Skip extra car trips by planning your route ahead and bundling stops.
- Instead of driving alone, carpool or hop on the bus or LYNX. If it is nice outside, bike or walk to your destination – download the new App **CATS Pass**.
- Find your Carbon Footprint
<http://carbonfootprint.c2es.org>



Thank you!

Next Event will be early 2018



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